

Attorney Docket No. 35706.3  
Customer No. 000027683

### III. AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1 – 20 (Cancelled)

21. (Currently Amended) An apparatus comprising:

a foundation located below a roadway surface;

a housing secured to the foundation;

a bollard reciprocatingly received within the housing;

a plate disposed within the bollard;

a spring reciprocatingly received within the bollard, and secured at a proximal end to the plate;

a cylinder a double-acting power lift received at least in part within the spring; and

a piston shaft reciprocatingly received within the cylinder, which piston shaft is secured at a proximal end to the plate;

a piston terminating a distal end of the piston shaft, which piston divides the cylinder into an upper chamber and a lower chamber;

a flow line;

a valve system operably connected to the double-acting power lift to cause the double acting power lift to reciprocate the spring; and

circuitry connected to the valve system, which circuitry is operable to simultaneously or sequentially operate the valve system so as to selectively connect the flow line for operation on the lower chamber and the upper chamber, which operation on the upper chamber and the lower chamber causes reciprocation of the spring between compressed and extended positions, and which compression and extension of the spring causes reciprocating of the bollard between retracted and extended positions.

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22. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of claim 21 ~~further comprising an underground wherein the foundation of~~ comprises reinforced cementitious material that secures the housing in a stationary position.
23. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 22 wherein:  
the foundation transfers the force of impact on a bollard in an extended position to the ground surrounding the foundation.
24. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 22 wherein:  
the foundation comprises tensioned tendons.
- 25 - 26. (Cancelled)
27. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of ~~claim 26~~ claim 21 wherein:  
the valve system has an operative position that causes the flow line to exhaust pressure from at least one of the lower chamber and the upper chamber to equalize the pressure between the lower and upper chambers.
28. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 27 wherein:  
the equalization of pressure between the upper and lower chambers causes the spring to move from a compressed position to an extended position.
29. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of ~~claim 26~~ claim 21 wherein:  
the valve system has an operative position that causes the flow line to apply pressure into the upper chamber.
30. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 29 wherein:  
the application of pressure into the upper chamber causes the spring to move into a compressed position.

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31. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of ~~claim 26~~ ~~claim 21~~ wherein:  
the valve system has an operative position that causes the flow line to apply pressure into the upper chamber and exhaust pressure from the lower chamber.
32. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 31 wherein:  
the operative position causes the spring to move into a compressed position.
33. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of ~~claim 26~~ ~~claim 21~~ wherein:  
the valve system has an operative position that causes the flow line to apply pressure into the lower chamber and exhaust pressure from the upper chamber.
34. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 33 wherein:  
the operative position causes the spring to move into an extended position.
35. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 34 wherein:  
the movement of the spring into an extended position causes the bollard to extend at a rate responsive to the magnitude of the pressure differential imposed across the piston.
36. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 34 wherein:  
the valve system has a second operative position that exhausts pressure from the upper chamber at the beginning of bollard extension, and thereafter applies pressure into the upper chamber prior to the termination of the bollard extension to thereby decelerate the bollard as the bollard nears the end of its extension.
37. (Cancelled)

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38. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of ~~claim 37~~ claim 21 further comprising:  
a sensor arranged to detect a vehicle approaching the apparatus, which sensor is operable to activate the circuitry to move the bollard into an extended position within a time frame that intercepts the approaching vehicle.
39. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 38 wherein:  
the sensor comprises a detector operable to determine whether a vehicle approaching the apparatus is accelerating at a rate greater than a predetermined rate of acceleration.
40. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of claim 21 further comprising:  
a centralizer receiving the double-acting power lift and received at least in part within the spring.
41. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 21 further comprising:  
a casing received within the housing, which casing reciprocatingly receives the bollard.
42. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 41 further comprising:  
an abutment between the bollard and the casing for limiting extension and retraction of the bollard.
43. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 21 wherein:  
the apparatus is substantially underground when the bollard is in a retracted position.
44. (Currently Amended) A method comprising:  
providing a foundation located below a roadway surface;  
securing providing a housing to the foundation;  
reciprocatingly placing a bollard within the housing, which bollard has a plate disposed therein;  
disposing a plate within the bollard;

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reciprocatingly placing a spring within the bollard;  
securing a proximal end of the spring to the plate;  
placing a lift apparatus cylinder at least in part within the spring; and  
reciprocatingly placing a piston shaft within the cylinder;  
securing the piston shaft at a proximal end to the plate;  
providing a piston at a distal end of the piston shaft, which piston divides the cylinder  
into an upper chamber and a lower chamber;  
providing a flow line;  
providing a valve system;  
operably connecting circuitry to the a valve system to the lift apparatus to cause the  
double-acting power lift to reciprocate to simultaneously or sequentially operate the valve system  
so as to selectively connect the flow line for operation on the lower chamber and the upper  
chamber, which operation on the upper chamber and the lower chamber causes reciprocation of  
the spring between compressed and extended positions, which compression and extension of the  
spring causes reciprocating of the bollard between retracted and extended positions.

45. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 44 wherein the further comprising:  
providing an underground foundation of comprises reinforced cementitious material,  
which underground foundation has an upwardly opening chamber terminating near the surface of  
the ground; and  
securing the housing in the chamber.

46. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 45 further comprising:  
using the foundation to transfer the force of impact on a bollard in an extended position to  
the ground surrounding the foundation.

47 - 48. (Cancelled)

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49. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 48 claim 44 further comprising:  
operating the valve system in an operative position that causes the flow line to exhaust pressure from the lower chamber to equalize the pressure between the upper and lower chambers.
50. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 49 wherein:  
the equalization of pressure between the upper and lower chambers causes the spring to move from a compressed position to an extended position.
51. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 48 claim 44 further comprising:  
operating the valve system in an operative position that causes the flow line to apply pressure into the upper chamber.
52. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 51 wherein:  
the application of pressure into the upper chamber causes the spring to move into a compressed position.
53. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 48 claim 44 further comprising:  
operating the valve system in an operative position that causes the flow line to apply pressure into the upper chamber and exhaust pressure from the lower chamber.
54. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 53 wherein:  
the operative position causes the spring to move into a compressed position.
55. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 48 claim 44 further comprising:  
operating the valve system in an operative position that causes the flow line to apply pressure into the lower chamber and exhaust pressure from the upper chamber.
56. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 55 wherein:  
the operative position causes the spring to move into an extended position.

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57. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 56 wherein:  
the movement of the spring to an extended position causes the bollard to extend at a rate responsive to the magnitude of the pressure differential imposed across the piston.
58. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 56 further comprising:  
operating the valve system in a second operative position that exhausts pressure from the upper chamber at the beginning of bollard extension, and thereafter applies pressure into the upper chamber prior to the termination of the bollard extension to thereby decelerate the bollard as the bollard nears the end of its extension.
59. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 48 claim 44 further comprising:  
operating the valve system in a first operative position that causes the flow line to apply pressure into the upper chamber, which application of pressure into the upper chamber causes the spring to reside in a compressed position.
60. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59 further comprising:  
operating the valve system in a second operative position that causes the flow line to exhaust pressure from the upper chamber to equalize the pressure between the upper and lower chambers.
61. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 60 wherein:  
the equalization of pressure between the upper and lower chambers causes the spring to move from a compressed position to an extended position.
62. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 61 further comprising:  
operating the valve system in a third operative position that causes the flow line to apply pressure into the upper chamber, which application of pressure into the upper chamber causes the spring to move from an extended position to a compressed position.

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63. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 62 further comprising:  
causing the flow line to exhaust pressure from the lower chamber.
64. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59 further comprising:  
operating the valve system in a second operative position that causes the flow line to  
apply pressure into the lower chamber and exhaust pressure from the upper chamber.
65. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 64 wherein:  
the second operative position causes the spring to move from a compressed position to an  
extended position.
66. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 65 wherein:  
the movement of the spring to an extended position causes the bollard to extend at a rate  
responsive to the magnitude of the pressure differential imposed across the piston.
67. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 65 further comprising:  
operating the valve system in a third operative position that causes the flow line to  
exhaust pressure from the upper chamber at the beginning of extension of the spring, and  
thereafter apply pressure into the upper chamber prior to termination of the extension of the  
spring to thereby decelerate movement of the bollard from a retracted to an extended position.
68. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 67 further comprising:  
operating the valve system in a fourth operative position that causes the flow line to apply  
pressure into the upper chamber, which application of pressure into the upper chamber causes the  
spring to move from an extended position to a compressed position.
69. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 68 further comprising:  
causing the flow line to exhaust pressure from the lower chamber.

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70. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 65 further comprising:  
operating the valve system in a third operative position that causes the flow line to apply pressure into the upper chamber, which application of pressure into the upper chamber causes the spring to move from an extended position to a compressed position.
71. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 70 further comprising:  
causing the flow line to exhaust pressure from the lower chamber.
72. (Cancelled)
73. (Currently Amended) The method of ~~claim 72~~ claim 44 further comprising:  
providing a sensor to detect an approaching vehicle; and  
activating the circuitry in response to the detection of the vehicle to reciprocate the bollard into the extended position within a time frame that intercepts the approaching vehicle.
74. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 44 further comprising:  
placing a centralizer at least in part within the spring; and  
receiving the ~~lift apparatus~~ cylinder within the centralizer.
75. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 44 further comprising:  
placing a casing within the housing; and  
reciprocatingly placing the bollard within the casing.